STRATFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

School Directory

Ministry Number: 2244

Principal: Jason Elder

School Address: Regan Street, Stratford

School Postal Address: Regan Street, Stratford, 4332

School Phone: 06 765 6938

School Email: office@sps.kiwi.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

		How Position	Term Expires/
Name	Position	Gained	Expired
Kath Weir	Chairperson	Elected	Sep 2020
Hayley Loveridge	Chairperson	Elected	Jun 2022
Jason Elder	Principal	ex Officio	
Sintina Petrie	Parent Rep	Elected	Jun 2022
Jack Whitikia	Parent Rep	Elected	Jun 2022
Fiona Jansma	Parent Rep	Co-opted	Jun 2022
Le-Arna Russ	Parent Rep	Co-opted	Jun 2022
David Chadwick	Parent Rep	Co-opted	Jun 2022
Nathan Taingahue	Parent Rep	Co-opted	Jun 2022
Deborah Campbell	Staff Rep	Elected	Jun 2022

Accountant / Service Provider: Education Services Ltd



STRATFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2020

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Stratford Primary School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2020

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2020 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Hayley Loveridge	Jason Mark Elder
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
31 May 2021	31 May 2021
Date:	Date:

Stratford Primary School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue		,	·	·
Government Grants	2	3,611,501	3,203,173	3,319,877
Locally Raised Funds	3	98,841	130,588	155,311
Interest income		9,013	14,000	19,778
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	1,096
Other Revenue		-	-	2,816
	_	3,719,355	3,347,761	3,498,878
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	36,676	68,208	94,150
Learning Resources	4	2,733,932	2,352,321	2,460,442
Administration	5	161,573	173,667	190,365
Finance		2,736	1,170	2,275
Property	6	719,756	643,734	724,229
Depreciation	7	115,475	102,674	120,049
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,633	-	642
	_	3,771,781	3,341,774	3,592,152
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(52,426)	5,987	(93,274)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		5,975	-	5,324
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	(46,451)	5,987	(87,950)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Stratford Primary School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2020

Tor the year chaed or Becomber 2020	Notes	Actual 2020 \$	Budget (Unaudited) 2020 \$	Actual 2019 \$
Balance at 1 January		585,154	674,389	673,104
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(46,451)	5,987	(87,950)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		14,778	-	-
Equity at 31 December	26	553,481	680,376	585,154
Retained Earnings		553,481	680,376	585,154
Equity at 31 December		553,481	680,376	585,154

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Stratford Primary School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	44,873	2,900	32,294
Accounts Receivable	9	174,546	138,224	147,993
GST Receivable		-	5,532	
Prepayments		8,373	6,561	7,624
Inventories	10	530	972	685
Investments	11	462,410	538,341	480,941
Float		40	-	-
	=	690,772	692,530	669,537
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		459	_	2.273
Accounts Payable	13	215,417	177,174	189,486
Revenue Received in Advance	14	8,113	27,349	14,568
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	63,791	35,467	49,585
Painting Contract Liability - Current Portion	16	37,768	37,768	37,768
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	17	19,098	18,535	18,102
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	18	33,897	-	56,499
,	_			
		378,543	296,293	368,281
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		312,229	396,237	301,256
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	374,731	419,912	442,535
Shares in Group Mowing Scheme		26,728	15,430	20,753
	-	401,459	435,342	463,288
		,	,	,
Non-current Liabilities			24.222	-0.4-4
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	71,209	61,036	58,171
Painting Contract Liability	16	71,956	71,956	99,386
Finance Lease Liability	17	17,042	18,211	21,833
	_	160,207	151,203	179,390
Net Assets	=	553,481	680,376	585,154
Equity	-	553,481	680,376	585,154
• •		•	•	

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Stratford Primary School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2020

Cash flows from Operating Activities Cash flows from Operating Activities Incompany (as a contract of a contract			2020	2020 Budget	2019
Covernment Grants		Note		(Unaudited)	
Locally Raised Funds	Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Coods and Services Tax (net)	Government Grants		1,022,369	909,770	803,050
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties	Locally Raised Funds		88,419	130,588	141,824
Payments to Employees (835,776) (485,397) (449,588) Payments to Suppliers (406,170) (420,343) (439,153) Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year - (25,000) (11,996) Interest Paid (2,736) (1,170) (2,275) Interest Received 12,153 14,000 14,009 Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities 76,445 122,448 61,747 Cash flows from Investing Activities 1,096 1,096 Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) 1,096 1,096 Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) (28,503) (70,603) (76,520) Purchase of Investments (5,673) - 3,146) (31,46) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (16,153) (14,584) (15,086) Furniture and Equipment Grant	Goods and Services Tax (net)		(1,814)	-	7,805
Payments to Suppliers (406,170) (420,343) (439,153) Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year - (25,000) (11,996) Interest Paid (2,736) (1,170) (2,275) Interest Received 12,153 14,000 14,009 Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities 76,445 122,448 61,747 Cash flows from Investing Activities - - 1,096 Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) - - 1,096 Purchase of Investments (5,673) - 1,096 Purchase of Investments (5,673) - (3,146) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects	Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		-	-	(1,929)
Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year	Payments to Employees		(635,776)	(485,397)	(449,588)
Interest Paid (2,736) (1,170) (2,275) Interest Received 12,153 14,000 14,009 Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities 76,445 122,448 61,747 Cash flows from Investing Activities 76,645 122,448 61,747 Cash flows from Investing Activities 76,650 76,520 Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) (28,503) (70,603) (76,520) Purchase of Investments (5,673) - (3,146) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (24,204 - 60,547 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (14,178 14,778 14,778 14,778 Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Painting contract payments (25,089) - (60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (11,371) (11,371) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Payments to Suppliers		(406,170)	(420,343)	(439,153)
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities 76,445 122,448 61,747	Cyclical Maintenance Payments in the year		-	(25,000)	(11,996)
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities 76,445 122,448 61,747 Cash flows from Investing Activities 5 1,096 Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) 1,096 1,096 Purchase of Investments (28,503) (70,603) (76,520) Purchase of Investments (5,673) 1,096 Proceeds from Sale of Investments (5,673) 1,096 Proceeds from Sale of Investments (5,673) 1,096 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities (14,778) 14,778 - Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (3	Interest Paid		(2,736)	(1,170)	(2,275)
Cash flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) - - 1,096 Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) (28,503) (70,603) (76,520) Purchase of Investments (5,673) - (3,146) Proceeds from Sale of Investments 24,204 - 60,547 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities 41,778 14,778 - Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Interest Received		12,153	14,000	14,009
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) - - 1,096 Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) (28,503) (70,603) (76,520) Purchase of Investments (5,673) - (3,146) Proceeds from Sale of Investments 24,204 - 60,547 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities 14,778 14,778 - Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		76,445	122,448	61,747
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) (28,503) (70,603) (76,520) Purchase of Investments (5,673) - (3,146) Proceeds from Sale of Investments 24,204 - 60,547 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities 14,778 14,778 - Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)					
Purchase of Investments (5,673) - (3,146) Proceeds from Sale of Investments 24,204 - 60,547 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities 14,778 14,778 - Furniture and Equipment Grant (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)			-	-	
Proceeds from Sale of Investments 24,204 - 60,547 Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities 14,778 14,778 - Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)			, , ,	(70,603)	
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities (9,972) (70,603) (18,023) Cash flows from Financing Activities Turniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)			(, ,	-	` ' '
Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Proceeds from Sale of Investments		24,204	-	60,547
Furniture and Equipment Grant 14,778 14,778 - Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(9,972)	(70,603)	(18,023)
Finance Lease Payments (16,153) (14,584) (15,806) Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Painting contract payments (27,430) (37,768) (44,950) Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Furniture and Equipment Grant		14,778	14,778	-
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (25,089) - 60,697 Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Finance Lease Payments		(16,153)	(14,584)	(15,806)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities (53,894) (37,574) (59) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 12,579 14,271 43,665 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Painting contract payments		(27,430)	(37,768)	(44,950)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents12,57914,27143,665Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year832,294(11,371)(11,371)	Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		(25,089)	-	60,697
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 32,294 (11,371) (11,371)	Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(53,894)	(37,574)	(59)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		12,579	14,271	43,665
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 8 44,873 2,900 32,294	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	32,294	(11,371)	(11,371)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	44,873	2,900	32,294

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Stratford Primary School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Stratford Primary School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 15.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

j) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements 15-40 years
Furniture and Equipment 15 years
Motor Vehicles 5 years
Library Resources 8 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease Term of Lease

I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, and also annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of the School's control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as 'financial assets measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as 'financial liabilities measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Borrowings include but are not limited to bank overdrafts, operating leases, finance leases, painting contracts and term loans.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

2. Government Grants	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational Grants	802,581	716,022	644,639
Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,086,508	1,848,743	2,024,564
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	492,467	444,660	488,442
Resource Teachers Learning and Behaviour Grants	616	3,000	2,723
Other MoE Grants	220,258	188,748	157,799
Other Government Grants	9,071	2,000	1,710
	3,611,501	3,203,173	3,319,877

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$65,550.

Other MOE Grants total includes additional COVID-19 funding totalling \$29,322 for the year ended 31 December 2020.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	33,798	27,500	26,908
Bequests & Grants	40,484	73,558	53,794
Activities	23,363	29,180	73,707
Trading	1,196	-	598
Fundraising	-	350	304
	98,841	130,588	155,311
Expenses			
Activities	35,654	68,208	93,403
Trading	875	-	747
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	147	-	-
	36,676	68,208	94,150
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	62,165	62,380	61,161

4. Learning Resources

4. Learning Resources	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	92,245	82,380	70,610
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,612,680	2,227,658	2,366,210
Staff Development	11,284	17,200	11,084
Text Books	104	4,000	-
Learning Centre	7,347	8,130	942
Rt Lit	10,272	12,953	11,596
	2,733,932	2,352,321	2,460,442

5. Administration

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	4,572	4,509	4,520
Board of Trustees Fees	2,725	2,800	3,390
Board of Trustees Expenses	2,118	4,500	8,416
Communication	10,500	10,854	9,787
Consumables	16,415	19,915	20,985
Other	25,045	30,511	42,019
Employee Benefits - Salaries	76,421	75,637	77,023
Insurance	7,997	7,701	7,737
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	15,780	17,240	16,488
	161,573	173,667	190,365

6. Property

o. Tropolity	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	71,809	60,250	59,236
Cyclical Maintenance Expense	27,244	30,569	30,818
Grounds	20,011	21,730	16,699
Heat, Light and Water	26,928	28,000	35,091
Rates	1,564	1,480	1,473
Repairs and Maintenance	41,517	23,700	53,611
Use of Land and Buildings	492,467	444,660	488,442
Security	2,694	2,500	8,413
Employee Benefits - Salaries	35,522	30,845	30,446
- -	719,756	643,734	724,229

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Building Improvements	21,413	19,442	22,732
Furniture and Equipment	55,923	48,445	56,644
Information and Communication Technology	7,126	7,162	8,374
Motor Vehicles	7,304	6,247	7,304
Leased Assets	20,111	18,096	21,158
Library Resources	3,598	3,282	3,837
	115,475	102,674	120,049

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

·	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash on Hand	140	-	140
Bank Current Account	(180)	2,900	595
Bank Call Account	44,913	-	31,559
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	44,873	2,900	32,294

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$44,873 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$43,560 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds are required to be spent in 2021 on Crown owned school buildings under the School's Five Year Property Plan.

2020

475

55

530

972

2020

2019

9. Accounts Receivable

		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	3,967	-	1,710
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	743	-	-
Banking Staffing Underuse	-	5,415	-
Interest Receivable	2,629	-	5,769
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	167,207	132,809	140,514
	174,546	138,224	147,993
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	7,339	-	7,479
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	167,207	138,224	140,514
	174,546	138,224	147,993
10. Inventories	2020	2020	2019
		Budget	
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
	35	35	35

11. Investments

Sports Shirts

Stationery

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	2020	2020 Budget	2019
Ourself Asset	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits	462,410	538,341	480,941
Total Investments	462,410	538,341	480,941

610

75 685

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2020	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	145,337	_	_	-	(21,413)	123,924
Furniture and Equipment	206,371	19,111	(72)	-	(55,923)	169,487
Information and Communication Tech	15,679	10,174	(1,561)	-	(7,126)	17,166
Motor Vehicles	24,290	-	-	-	(7,304)	16,986
Leased Assets	38,363	16,741	-	-	(20,111)	34,993
Library Resources	12,495	3,278	-	-	(3,598)	12,175
Balance at 31 December 2020	442,535	49,304	(1,633)	-	(115,475)	374,731

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$34,993 (2019: \$38,363)

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2020	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	565,037	(441,113)	123,924
Furniture and Equipment	725,891	(556,404)	169,487
Information and Communication	229,373	(212,207)	17,166
Motor Vehicles	36,521	(19,535)	16,986
Leased Assets	80,911	(45,918)	34,993
Library Resources	88,928	(76,753)	12,175
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,726,661	(1,351,930)	374,731

2019	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	162,969	5,100	-	-	(22,732)	145,337
Furniture and Equipment	204,592	59,065	(642)	-	(56,644)	206,371
Information and Communication Tech	19,834	4,219	-	-	(8,374)	15,679
Motor Vehicles	31,594	-	-	-	(7,304)	24,290
Leased Assets	35,161	24,359	-	-	(21,158)	38,363
Library Resources	13,049	3,283	-	-	(3,837)	12,495
Balance at 31 December 2019	467,199	96,026	(642)	-	(120,049)	442,535

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$38,363 (2018: \$35,161)

2019	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	565,037	(419,700)	145,337
Furniture and Equipment	707,966	(501,595)	206,371
Information and Communication	221,945	(206,266)	15,679
Motor Vehicles	36,521	(12,231)	24,290
Leased Assets	79,619	(41,256)	38,363
Library Resources	85,650	(73,155)	12,495
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,696,738	(1,254,203)	442,535

13. Accounts Payable			
	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating Creditors	35,369	34,504	39,323
Accruals	4,572	3,532	3,782
Capital Accruals for PPE items	63	-	7
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	167,207	132,809	140,514
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	8,206	6,329	5,860
	•	·	•
	215,417	177,174	189,486
Payables for Exchange Transactions	215,417	177,174	189,486
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	_	, -	_
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	_	_	_
Tayablee for Non-exertainge Traineacterie Care.			
	215,417	177,174	189,486
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
14. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2020	2020	2019
	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	2020 Actual		2019 Actual
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual
Income In Advance	Actual \$ 817	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual \$ 9,712
Income In Advance Other Income In Advance	Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual
	Actual \$ 817 7,296	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856
	Actual \$ 817	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 9,712
	Actual \$ 817 7,296	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856
Other Income In Advance	Actual \$ 817 7,296	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856
Other Income In Advance	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568
Other Income In Advance	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited)	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 65,934	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$ 88,934
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756 30,247	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 65,934	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$ 88,934
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Adjustment to the Provision	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756 30,247 (3,003)	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 65,934 30,569 - -	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$ 88,934 30,818 - (11,996)
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Adjustment to the Provision Use of the Provision During the Year	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756 30,247	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 65,934 30,569	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$ 88,934 30,818
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Adjustment to the Provision Use of the Provision During the Year Provision at the End of the Year	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756 30,247 (3,003) - 135,000	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 65,934 30,569 - - - 96,503	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$ 88,934 30,818 - (11,996) 107,756
Other Income In Advance 15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year Adjustment to the Provision Use of the Provision During the Year	Actual \$ 817 7,296 8,113 2020 Actual \$ 107,756 30,247 (3,003)	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 27,349 - 27,349 2020 Budget (Unaudited) \$ 65,934 30,569 - -	Actual \$ 9,712 4,856 14,568 2019 Actual \$ 88,934 30,818 - (11,996)

107,756

135,000

96,503

16. Painting Contract Liability

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Current Liability	37,768	37,768	37,768
Non Current Liability	71,956	71,956	99,386
	109,724	109,724	137,154

In 2018 the Board signed an agreement with Programmed Maintenance Services Ltd (the contractor) for an agreed programme of work covering a 6 year period. The programme provides for exterior painting of the Ministry owned buildings in 2018, with regular maintenance in subsequent years. The agreement has an annual commitment of \$37,735. The liability is the best estimate of the actual amount of work performed by the contractor for which the contractor has not been paid at balance sheet date. The liability has not been adjusted for inflation and the effect of the time value of money.

17. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	21,320	18,535	18,683
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	18,298	18,211	22,640
	39,618	36,746	41,323

18. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

					BOT Contribution/	
	2020	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	(Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$
Block B Glass Sliding Doors	completed	(16,242)	16,242	-	-	-
Sewerage & Drainage Repairs	in progress	14,600	(11,603)	(6,500)	-	(3,503)
Block A/B/C ILE Upgrade	completed	58,141	11,205	(69,346)	-	-
Heating	completed	-	15,644	(15,644)	-	-
Drainage/Driveway SIP Stage 1	in progress	-	36,500	-	-	36,500
Ramps 225559	in progress	-	-	(6,160)	-	(6,160)
Block F 216534	completed	-	5,800	(5,800)	-	-
LSC Property Modifications	in progress	-	15,357	(8,297)	-	7,060
Totals		56,499	89,145	(111,747)	-	33,897
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministr	v of Education					43,560
Funds Due from the Ministry of Edu	,					(9,663)
					-	33 807

	2019	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$
Block B Glass Sliding Doors	in progress	-	-	(16,242)	-	(16,242)
Sewerage & Drainage Repairs	in progress	-	17,000	(2,400)	-	14,600
Block A/B/C ILE Upgrade	in progress	-	59,391	(1,250)	-	58,141
Totals			76,391	(19,892)	-	56,499

19. Funds held on behalf of Curious Mind Project (CAPOW) Cluster

Stratford Primary School is the lead school and holds funds on behalf of the Stratford Primary School cluster, a group of schools funded by the Ministry of Education to share ICT professional development.

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year	-	-	1,775
Funds Received from Cluster Members	-	-	-
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster	-	-	1,775
Funds Held at Year End	_	-	-

20. Funds held on behalf of NITS Cluster

Stratford Primary School is the lead school and holds funds on behalf of the NITS cluster, a group of schools working with an outside provider who provided professional development for the Principal and Deputy Principals involved in the Cluster.

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year Funds Received from Cluster Members		-	- 14.324
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster		-	14,324
Funds Held at Year End		-	_

21. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

BOT Member Hayley Loveridges husband owns inkpot cafe who provided catering to the School during the year totalling \$1,636.75 and in 2019 \$5584.21.

Deb Campbell's (BOT Member) Mother owns Mountain Motors, expenses totalled \$437 for service and WOF during the year (2019 \$936).



22. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2020 Actual \$	2019 Actual \$
Board Members	•	•
Remuneration	2,725	3,390
Full-time equivalent members	0.11	0.14
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	830,688	888,065
Full-time equivalent members	8.26	9.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	833,413	891,455
Total full-time equivalent personnel	8.37	9.14

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	Ŭ	2020	2019
		Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments		140 - 150	140 - 150
Benefits and Other Emoluments		4 - 5	3 - 4
Termination Benefits		-	_

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2020	2019
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	1.00	3.00
110 - 120	2.00	-
_		
-	3.00	3.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

23. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2020	2019
	Actual	Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

24. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2020 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2019; nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. The current phase of this review is to design potential solutions for any compliance breaches discovered in the initial phase of the Programme. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2020, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

25. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2020 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

As at 31 December 2020 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

\$22,000 contract for the Sewerage & Drainage Repairs as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$5,397 has been received of which \$8,900 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$25,000 contract for the Drainage/Driveway SIP Stage 1 as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$36,500 has been received of which \$0 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry: and

\$6,160 contract for the Ramps 225559 as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$0 has been received of which \$6,160 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$134,375 contract for the LSC Property Modifications as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$15,357 has been received of which \$8,297 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.

Capital commitments as at 31 December 2019:

\$76,578.50 contract for upgrade of blocks A,B,C which was approved 15th November. \$59,391 has been received at 31 December 2019 of which \$1,250 have been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2020 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(b) The School has entered into an agreement with Programmed Maintenance Services Ltd for painting of the School's buildings. The amount committed on the contract is:

No later than One Year Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years Later than Five Years
Later than tive rears

Actual \$	Actual \$
10,337	10,337
31,011	41,348
-	-
41,348	51,685

2019

2020

26. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

27. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets measured at amortised cost			
	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	44,873	2,900	32,294
Receivables	174,546	138,224	147,993
Investments - Term Deposits	462,410	538,341	480,941
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	681,829	679,465	661,228
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables Parrovings Loans	215,417	177,174	189,486
Borrowings - Loans Finance Leases	36.140	36.746	39,935
Painting Contract Liability	109,724	109,724	137,154
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	361,281	323,644	366,575

28. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

29. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

31. Credit Card Facility

The School operates a credit card facility with TSB Bank, the limit is \$6,000 and as at balance date \$869.27 was owing.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF STRATFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Stratford Primary School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, David Fraser, using the staff and resources of Silks Audit Chartered Accountants Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 22, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2020; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Tier 2 PBE Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime

Our audit was completed on 31 May 2021. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

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- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Trustee schedule included under the School directory page, the Analysis of Variance, and the Kiwisport statement included in the appendices, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

David Fraser

David Fraser Silks Audit Chartered Accountants Ltd Whanganui, New Zealand

Date: 31 May 2021





Analysis of Variance Reporting



School Name:	Stratford Primary School School Number: 2244		
Strategic Aim:	PRIORITISING the first 4 Years of a child's schooling so they achieve success with Stratford Primary School Standards.		
Annual Aim:	To ensure Year 8 students who leave Stratford Primary School are 'At' or 'Above the Year 8 level of learning for reading, writing and mathematics. To ensure Year 2 students who were 'below' their year level of learning for reading, writing and mathematics make accelerated progress.		
Target:	 Year 8: a. 7 students will make accelerated progress in writing. b. 10 students will make accelerated progress in mathematics. Year 2: a. 17 students will make accelerated progress in reading. b. 13 students will make accelerated progress in mathematics. 		
Baseline Data:	Writing: Year 8 Cohort (Year 7 2019 data) Cohort (44): 7= Below the Stratford Primary School Standards Boys (15): 4= Below Māori (10): 5= Below 2+ Years at SPS (34) 7= Below		
	Mathematics: Year 8 Cohort (Year 7 2019 data) Cohort (44): Boys (15): Boys (15): Māori (10): 2+ Pears at SPS (34) Below 2+ Years at SPS (34) Cohort (Year 7 2019 data) 10= Below the Stratford Primary School Standards Endown Standards 2+ Pears at SPS (34) 8- Below 8- Below		
	Reading: Year 2 Cohort (Year 1 2019 data) Cohort (40): 16= Below the Stratford Primary School Standards Boys (23): 9= Below Māori (10): 3= Below		
	Mathematics: Year 2 Cohort (Year 1 2019 data) Cohort (36): 13= Below the Stratford Primary School Standards Boys (23): 11= Below Māori (10): 6= Below		

Actions: What did we do? Out	tcomes: What happened?	Reasons for the variance: Why did it happen?
expectations in reading (Yr 2), Writing (Yr 3-8) and Mathematics. The Leadership Team tracked Year 2 (Reading and Mathematics) and Year 8's (Writing and Mathematics). This was reported to the Board of Trustees through the year. A consistent system for tracking student progress was followed across the teams. Teams shared student progress and direct acts of teaching at team meetings. Teachers, in their teams, reflected two to three times in the term on what changes they had	ar 2 Reading: 17 students made accelerated ogress (53%) ar 2 Mathematics: 9 students made accelerated ogress (55%) ar 8 Writing: 5 students made accelerated ogress (33%) ar 8 Mathematics: 9 students made accelerated ogress (33%).	The Covid-19 Pandemic had a significant impact on students learning progress in 2020. Teachers effectively lost 12-15 weeks of core learning time due to the disruption caused by the pandemic. Shifts appeared to be more significant in the Year 2 Reading Inquiry. This inquiry had direct teacher actions to support individual students. Teachers reflected on individual students progress and the effect their teaching had on student learning. Specific assessment was analysed and shared as a collaborative group. Year 8 strategies had less impact on student progress. Teachers shared what worked in writing and mathematics. For example, in writing they provided more choice and medium for students to write from. In mathematics, buddy teaching and mixed ability grouping strategies were used. These strategies proved successful in engagement. Year 7-8 teachers discussed how double dose learning was impacted by school events, and some student attitudes in writing. The Deputy Principal and Associate Principal reviewed results and identified in some cases that teachers had incorrect OTJs, where the teacher marked too hard.

Evaluation: Where to next?

- 1. Review of schoolwide data trends: Overall, results show the longer students remain at Stratford Primary School (SPS), the greater chance there is to move these students. This is more significant in reading (+ 11%), than writing (+6%), while there is minimal change for Mathematics (2%). An analysis of reading, writing and mathematics data is illustrated below. Results compare students who have been at SPS for three years (3+ cohort) with the current school cohort for all students, girls, boys and Māori students, who have met or exceeded the expectations for reading, writing and mathematics.
 - a. Reading:
 - i. 3+ School Cohort= 76% compared with the Current School Cohort = 65%
 - ii. 3+ Girls Cohort = 84% compared with the Current Girls Cohort = 73%
 - iii. 3+ Boys Cohort = 68% compared with the Current Boys Cohort = 58%
 - iv. 3+ Māori= 67% (Girls= 83%; Boys= 52%) compared with the Current Māori Cohort = 54% (Girls= 62%; Boys= 46%).
 - v. New Student Cohort enrolled in 2020= 45%.

Overall, Reading is a strength at Stratford Primary, particularly for the 3+ Māori Cohort (13% shift), 3+ School Cohort (11% shift) and 3+ Girls Cohort (11% shift). Although Boys in the 3+ Cohort moved by 10%, they are still 16% below the Girls 3+ Cohort. This trend is similar for Māori Boys where the shift over three years was only 6% and they are 12% lower than the Boys 3+ cohorts. These figures highlight boys learning and Māori boys need to be a priority. New students enrolling at SPS are also below the other cohorts. This data supports the notion that new students to SPS are coming in below other cohorts, while the longer we retain students in reading, the greater chance we have of accelerating their progress.

b. Writing:

- i. 3+ School Cohort = 66% compared with Current School Cohort = 60%
- ii. 3+ Girls Cohort = 77% compared with Current Girls Cohort = 71%
- iii. 3+ Boys Cohort = 57% compared with Current Boys Cohort = 49%
- iv. 3+ Māori Cohort= 61% (Girls= 78%; Boys= 44%) compared with the current Māori Cohort= 52% (Girls= 65%; Boys= 31%)
- New Students Cohort enrolled in 2020 = 55%.

Girls writing in the 3+ Cohort (77%) and Current Girls Cohort (71%) are well above both boy cohorts. The girls shift over three years was 6% and their achievement is 20% above the boys. The Boys 3+ cohort has made 8% shift over the three years, which is more than the girl cohorts. The 3+ Māori cohort made the greatest shift over 3 years (9%). They are also doing better than the 3+ Boys Cohort (by 4%), but are below the 3+ Girls Cohort (by 16%). However, 3+ Māori Girls Cohort has the highest achievement in writing at 78% (13% shift). 3+ Māori Boys Cohort had made a 13% shift but are the lowest achieving group at 44%. New students enrolling at SPS are below all the cohorts, but this is not as significant as Reading. This data further supports the notion that boys and Māori boys learning needs to be the priority.

c. Mathematics:

- i. 3+ School Cohort = 62% compared with Current School Cohort = 60%
- ii. 3+ Girls Cohort = 65% compared with Current Girls Cohort= 62%
- iii. 3+ Boys Cohort = 60% compared with Current Boys Cohort= 58%
- iv. 3+ Māori Cohort= 50% (Girls= 61%; Boys= 39%) compared with the current Māori Cohort= 52% (Girls= 49%; Boys= 54%)
- v. New Students Cohort enrolled in 2020= 59%.

Mathematics is an area that needs reviewing. The 3+ School Cohort shifts in Mathematics (+2%) are minimal compared with Reading (+11%) and Writing (+6%). A review of the mathematics schoolwide scheme of work and data needs to occur in 2021, which has already started through the Kahui Ako PAT Data Analysis. 3+ Girls cohort are achieving better than boys (by 5%). The 3+ Girls Cohort moved 3% over three years compared to the 3+ Boys Cohort (2%). Māori students were achieving the lowest in mathematics. The 3+ Māori Cohort are behind the 3+ School Cohort by 12%. However, the Māori Girls 3+ Cohort is just below the School Cohort (by 1%). Māori Girls 3+ Cohort shifted by 12%, the most by any group. However, Māori 3+ Boys Cohort declined by 15%. New students performed better than expected compared with reading and writing. A question to consider when reviewing mathematics is looking at the early achievement of Māori boys and new students in their first few years of schooling. This data further supports the notion that Boys and Māori boys learning need to be the priority.

- d. A challenge for Stratford Primary School is the number of learners who have additional learning needs. This is highlighted by the data below:
 - i. ORS students:

■ Current School Cohort = 3% (14)

Girls = 3% (6)

Boys = 4% (8)

■ Māori Cohort = 5% (6)

Māori Girls = 3% (2)

Māori Boys = 7% (4)

ii. Students on Learning IEP's (In Class Support, Learning, Behaviour, ESOL):

■ Current School Cohort = 24% (105)

Girls = 17% (35)

Boys = 30% (70)

■ Māori Cohort = 33% (42)

Māori Girls = 22% (15) Māori Boys = 46% (27)

- 2. Review of the Priority Learner Process to accelerate students: Teams across the school will adopt the inquiry approach used in Year 2 reading this year. The Leadership Team will review 'Year Level' trends to identify which areas could be added to the groups already identified by the Board of Trustees.
- 3. The Board of Trustees will continue to: Monitor the progress of Year 2 students in reading and Year 8 progress in writing and mathematics. This will include feedback using the new inquiry model. Data monitoring will focus on Boys and Māori Boys who are 'below' expectations. Additional data will include: a. Attendance; b. PB4L data; c. Student voice (Yr 8 only), which will provide a more holistic view of students' progress

Planning for next year:

- 1. The Leadership Team will review schoolwide data and identify Boys and Māori Boys who are not making accelerated progress from year to year.
- 2. The Leadership Team, with Team Leaders, will review and update the Inquiry process, which will sharpen the focus around Boys and Māori Boys progress and achievement over time.
- 3. Teacher Pedagogy Development will be... to support Boys and Māori Boys learning: Learner Agency and Student Inquiry; Positive Learning for Behaviour; Māori Language Strategy.
- 4. Other actions: Exploring setting up and running regular PE classes. Reviewing the teaching, learning and achievement of Mathematics across the school.



STRATFORD PRIMARY SCHOOL

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KIWISPORT FUNDING 2020:

In 2020, Stratford Primary School used the Kiwisport funding and Board funding to employ a Sports Coordinator for 10+ hours per week.

This increased student participation in sport, both within school and in the wider community. Even with the advent of Covid-19, our students still managed to participate in a wide range of activities.

Here are some examples of what the Sports Coordinators role involved:

- Coordinating summer and winter sports by communicating with parents, collecting fees and registering teams into competitions.
- Supporting teachers to plan and run school sports events such as Athletics, Turnbull Cup Swimming, and Swimming Sports.
- Promoting new sports to students such as golf days and girls cricket.
- Applying for grants to support lunchtime sports gear for students to play with during break times.
- Supporting students to participate in the Colgate games and Tough Guy Challenges.